

TS-GPON-OLT-C

OLT for ITU-T G.984.2 Class C+ 2.488Gbps Downstream and 1.244Gbps Upstream

Features

- Single Fiber Transceiver with single mode SC receptacle
- 1490nm continuous-mode transmitter with DFB laser
- 1310nm burst-mode receiver with APD-TIA
- Single 3.3V power supply
- · Reset burst-mode receiver design
- Burst mode signal detect output which is LVTTL compatible.
- · Burst mode received signal strength indication (RSSI) output
- Complies with ITU-T G984.2 Class C+
- · Digital diagnostic interface compliant with SFF-8472 Rev 9.4,
- Complies with RoHS directive (2002/95/EC)
- Operating case temperature: Standard: 0 to +70°C



Applications

Gigabit Passive Optical Networks (G-PON) - OLT side

Description

The TS-GPON-OLT-C transceiver is the high performance module for single fiber by using 1490nm continuous-mode transmitter and 1310nm burst-mode receiver. It is optical line terminal (OLT) for ITU-T G984.2. The optical transceiver is compliant with the Small Form-Factor Pluggable (SFP) Multi-Source Agreement (MSA).

The transmitter section uses a 1490nm DFB LD with automatic power control (APC) function and temperature compensation circuitry to ensure stable extinction ratio overall operating temperature range. And is Class I laser compliant IEC825 and CDRH standards. The receiver has a hermetically packaged burst-mode APD-TIA (trans-impedance amplifier) pre-amplifier and a burst-mode limiting amplifier with LVPECL compatible differential outputs.

The receiver also includes the function of burst mode signal detect output and fast RSSI output which is enabled by a trigger. When the burst optical power is on, the receiver outputs high level; when the burst optical power is off, the receiver outputs low level. Fast RSSI function can satisfy more severe timing demand to monitor the power from any ONU.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 1 - Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Notes
Storage Temperature	Tst	-40	+85	°C	-
Operating Case Temperature	Tc	0	70	°C	-
Operating Humidity	RH	5	90	%	Non-condensing
Input Voltage	-	GND	Vcc	V	-
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc-Vee	0	3.6	V	-

Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 2 - Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	Standard	Tc	0	-	+70	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Power Supply Current		lcc	-	-	500	mA

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes	
	Transmitter						
Data Rate			2.5		Gb/S		
Centre Wavelength	λс	1480		1500	nm		
Spectral Width	Δλ		0.4	1	nm		
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB		
Average Output Power	Pout	3		7	dBm	1	
Extinction Ratio	ER	8.2			dB		
Average Launch Power-OFF Transmitter	Poff			-40	dBm		
Optical Eye Diagram	Compliant with G984.2						
Optical Rise/Fall Time (20%~80%)	tr/tf			160	ps		
Data Input Swing Differential	V_{IN}	200		2400	mV	2	



SFP Series

Input Different	ial Impedance	Z _{IN}	90	100	110	Ω	
TX Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
TA DISAble	Enable		0		0.8	V	
TX Fault	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
The Fadin	Normal		0		0.8	V	
			Receive	r			
Data	Rate			1.25		Gb/S	
Centre W	/avelength	λς	1260		1360	nm	
Receiver	Sensitivity	Sen			-30	dBm	3
Receiver	Overload	Sat	-12			dBm	3
Receiver C	ID Tolerance		72			Bit	
Receiver F	Reflectance				-20	dB	
Data Output	Voltage - High	VOH	VccR -1.05		VccR – 0.85	V	4
Data Output	Voltage - Low	VOL	VccR -1.84		VccR - 1.60	V	4
Burst Dete	ct De-assert	BSD_D	-45			dBm	
Burst Det	ect Assert	BSD_A			-32	dBm	
Burst Detec	t Hysteresis		1		6	dBm	
BRST_I	Det High	V_DET H	2.4		VCC	V	
BRST_	Det Low	V_DETL	0		0.4	V	
	er DDM (RSSI) rror	RXDDM			+/-3	dBm	5

Notes:

- 1. The optical pow er is launched into SMF.
- 2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
- 3. Measured with a PRBS 2^{23} -1 test pattern @1250Mbps, BER $\leq 1 \times 10^{-10}$.
- 4. Internally DC-coupled.
- 5. RSSI DDMw orking range is between -12 to -31 dBm. RSSI DDM accuracy is better than +/- 3dB for input power levels between -12 to -31 dBm, the accuracy reduces to +/- 5 dBm for other input pow er levels.



Diagnostics

Table 5 - Diagnostics Specification

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration
Temperature	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal / External
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal / External
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal / External
TX Power	3 to 7	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External
RX Power	-31 to -12	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External

Timing Characteristics for Digital RSSI Table 6 –Timing Characteristics for Digital RSSI

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Trigger delay	Td	30			ns
Sample time	Ts	300			ns
Internal I2C Delay	TI2C			500	us
Digital RSSI		Figure 1			

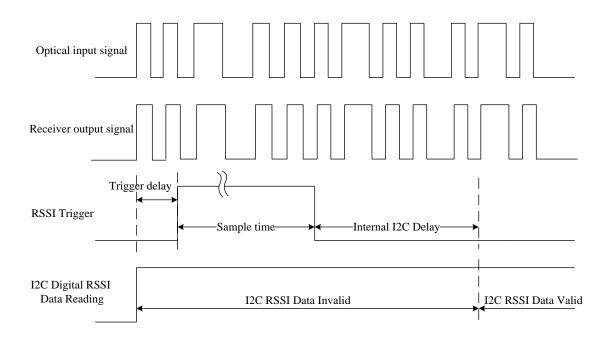


Figure 1 Digital RSSI Timing



Timing Characteristics for Reset

Table 7 - Timing Characteristics for RESET

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	TYP	MAX	UNITS
RESET Input Signal	Deset		I V/TTI		
(RESET+)	Reset	LVTTL			
RESET Signal Width	Tr		24		Bits
Guard time	Tg	32			Bits
Preamble time	Тр	44			Bits
Reset Delay	△t			Tg - Tr	Bits
Burst Signal Detect On	T_BSD_On			20	ns
Burst Signal Detect Off	T_BSD_Off			20	ns
IRESET Timing			Figure 2		

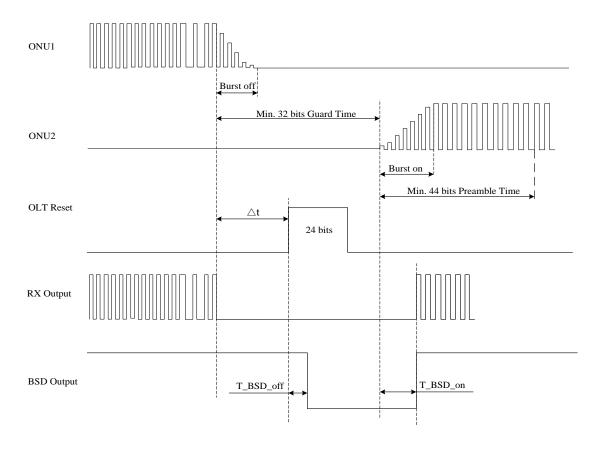


Figure 2 Reset Timing

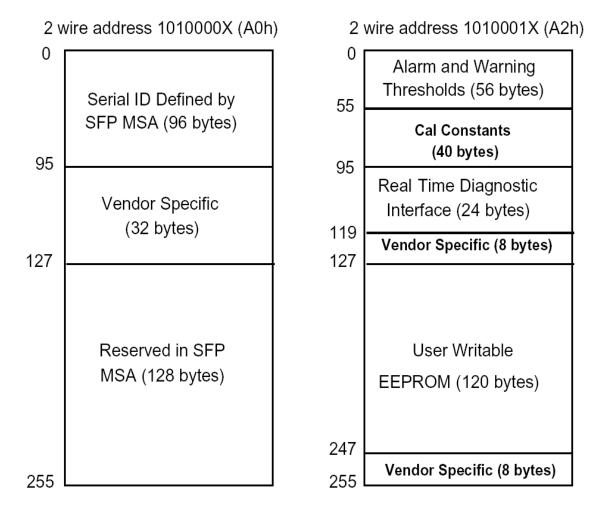


Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.





Pin Diagram

20	VEET
19	TD-
18	TD+
17	VEET
16	VCCT
15	VCCR
14	VEER
13	RD+
12	RD-
11	VEER

VEET
TX FAULT
TX DISABLE
MOD -DEF(2)
MOD -DEF(1)
MOD -DEF(0)
RESET
BSD
RSSI TRIG.
VEER

Top of Board Bottom of Board

Pin Descriptions

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	V_{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3

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SFP Series

5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3
7	RESET	LVTTL input. Assert "Reset" high at the end of previous burst,16 bits in	3	Note 4
8	BSD	Burst signal detect	3	Note 5
9	RSSI TRIG.	CMOS input. Assert high at the beginning of the monitored burst	3	Note 6
10	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
11	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 7
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 7
14	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 8
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 8
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- 1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$ resistor. Its states are:

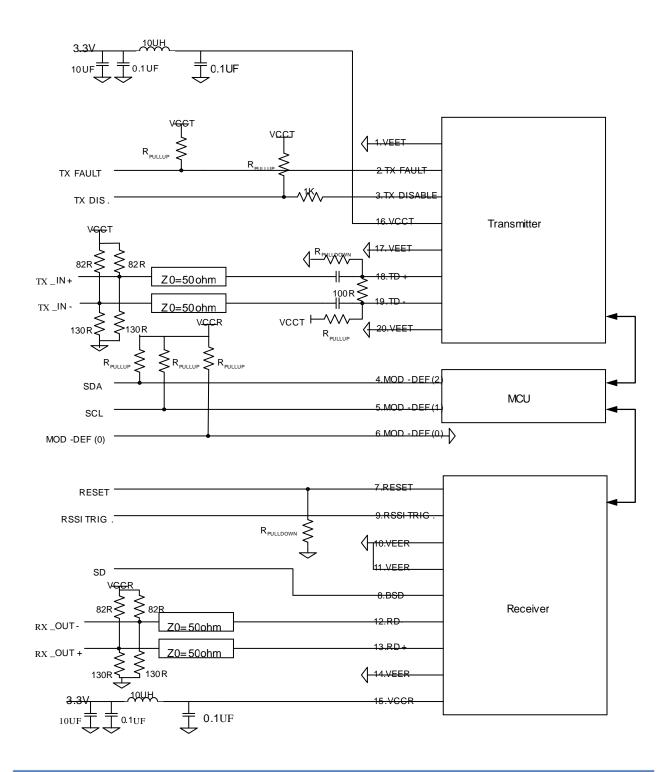
 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Low (0 to 0.8V):} & \text{Transmitter on} \\ \text{(>0.8V, < 2.0V):} & \text{Undefined} \end{array}$

High (2.0 to 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled

- 3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccTor VccR.
 - Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present
 - Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
 - Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
- 4) RESET is a LVTTL input. When the previous burst signal package is end, the host will give a "high" RESET to restore the state of LA. Internal pull-down 10K resistor to GND.
- 5) BSD can track the state of receiving burst signal. Logic 0 indicates loss of signal; Logic 1 indicates receiving signal packages.
- 6) RSSI TRIG is a CMOS input. Assert high after 30ns delay time of the beginning of the monitored burst package, at least 300ns in duration.
- 7) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally DC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 8) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.



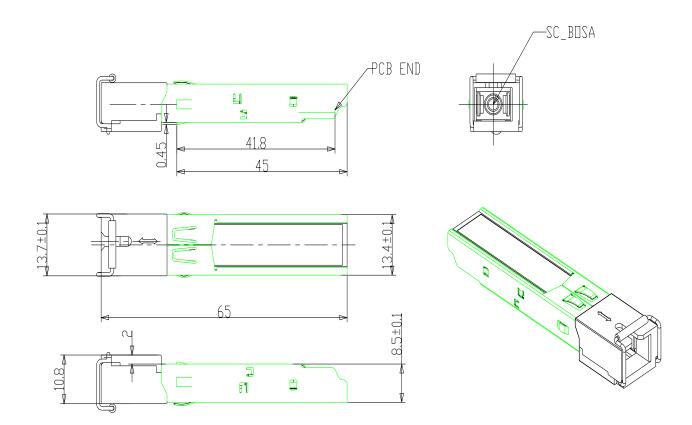
Recommended Interface Circuit







Mechanical Dimensions





Ordering information

Part Number	Product Description		
TS-GPON-OLT-C	Tx1490nm/Tx1310nm, 2.5Gbps/1.25Gbps, SC, 20km, Class C+, 0°C~+70°C, With DDM		

Important Notice

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